### § 550.41

drug counseling during the inmate's stay at the contract CTC.

#### § 550.41 Urine surveillance.

- A program of urine testing for drug use shall be established in contract CTCs.
- (a) Urine surveillance shall be conducted on all inmates serving their sentence in a contract CTC:
- (1) Who have drug aftercare as a condition of release:
- (2) Who have a known history of drug abuse; or
- (3) Who are suspected of using drugs. Center staff shall collect a minimum of six samples per month from an inmate who meets one or more of the criteria listed in paragraphs (a) (1) through (3) of this section.
- (b) The Center Director shall establish a schedule for random collection for all other sentenced inmates not identified in paragraph (a) of this section.

#### §550.42 Procedures for urine surveillance.

- (a) Contractor authorized personnel of the same sex as the inmate must witness collection of the inmate's urine sample. Inmates may not be involved in the collection, recording, mailing, or processing of the test results.
- (b) If an inmate fails to provide a urine sample within two hours of a request for it, center staff may file a disciplinary report. To eliminate the possibility of diluted or adulterated samples, center staff shall keep the inmate under direct supervision during this two-hour period.
- (c) Center staff shall have each positive urine test validated to substantiate the positive result. Center staff shall file a disciplinary report if the inmate's urine test shows a positive result for the presence of drugs which the inmate cannot satisfactorily justify to center staff.
- (d) The results of disciplinary hearings and a copy of positive urine testing results which the inmate cannot satisfactorily justify to center staff shall be sent to the appropriate Regional U.S. Parole Commission Office, the Community Programs Manager (CPM), and the U.S. Probation Office.

### §550.43 Drug counseling.

- (a) Drug counseling shall be provided to sentenced inmates in contract community treatment centers who have drug aftercare as a condition of release.
- (b) Counseling shall include a minimum of a 30-minute session each week, provided by qualified staff.
- (c) Center staff shall document in the inmate's file the date and time of each counseling session. The counselor must prepare a monthly summary of each inmate's progress. This report shall be placed in the inmate's file.

## § 550.44 Procedures for arranging drug counseling.

The contract center staff shall hold a program planning conference with a sentenced inmate who has drug aftercare as a condition of release. At this meeting, held within one week of the inmate's arrival at the center, plans are made for the inmate to receive drug counseling. The meeting is attended by center staff, the inmate, and the Chief U.S. Probation Officer or designee.

# Subpart F—Drug Abuse Treatment Program

Source: 74 FR 1897, Jan. 14, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

### §550.50 Purpose and scope.

The purpose of this subpart is to describe the Bureau's drug abuse treatment programs for the inmate population, to include drug abuse education, non-residential drug abuse treatment services, and residential drug abuse treatment programs (RDAP). These services are provided by Psychology Services department.

[81 FR 24490, Apr. 26, 2016]

### §550.51 Drug abuse education course.

- (a) Purpose of the drug abuse education course. All institutions provide a drug abuse education course to:
- (1) Inform inmates of the consequences of drug/alcohol abuse and addiction; and
- (2) Motivate inmates needing drug abuse treatment to apply for further drug abuse treatment, both while incarcerated and after release.

- (b) Course placement. (1) Inmates will get primary consideration for course placement if they were sentenced or returned to custody as a violator after September 30, 1991, when unit and/or drug abuse treatment staff determine, through interviews and file review that:
- (i) There is evidence that alcohol or other drug use contributed to the commission of the offense;
- (ii) Alcohol or other drug use was a reason for violation either of supervised release (including parole) or Bureau community status;
- (iii) There was a recommendation (or evaluation) for drug programming during incarceration by the sentencing judge; or
- (iv) There is evidence of a history of alcohol or other drug use.
- (2) Inmates may also be considered for course placement if they request to participate in the drug abuse education program but do not meet the criteria of paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (3) Inmates may not be considered for course placement if they:
- (i) Do not have enough time remaining to serve to complete the course; or
- (ii) Volunteer for, enter or otherwise complete a RDAP.
- (c) Consent. Inmates will only be admitted to the drug abuse education course if they agree to comply with all Bureau requirements for the program.
- (d) Completion. To complete the drug abuse education course, inmates must attend and participate during course sessions and pass a final course exam. Inmates will ordinarily have at least three chances to pass the final course exam before they lose privileges or the effects of non-participation occur (see paragraph (e) of this section).
- (e) Effects of non-participation. (1) If inmates considered for placement under paragraph (b)(1) of this section refuse participation, withdraw, are expelled, or otherwise fail to meet attendance and examination requirements, such inmates:
- (i) Are not eligible for performance pay above maintenance pay level, or for bonus pay, or vacation pay; and
- (ii) Are not eligible for a Federal Prison Industries work program assignment (unless the Warden makes an ex-

- ception on the basis of work program labor needs).
- (2) The Warden may make exceptions to the provisions of this section for good cause.

## § 550.52 Non-residential drug abuse treatment services.

All institutions must have non-residential drug abuse treatment services, provided through the institution's Psychology Services department. These services are available to inmates who voluntarily decide to participate.

# § 550.53 Residential Drug Abuse Treatment Program (RDAP).

- (a) *RDAP*. To successfully complete the RDAP, inmates must complete each of the following components:
- (1) Unit-based component. Inmates must complete a course of activities provided by the Psychology Services Department in a treatment unit set apart from the general prison population. This component must last at least six months.
- (2) Follow-up services. If time allows between completion of the unit-based component of the RDAP and transfer to a community-based program, inmates must participate in the follow-up services to the unit-based component of the RDAP.
- (3) Community Treatment Services (CTS). Inmates who have completed the unit-based program and (when appropriate) the follow-up treatment and transferred to a community-based program must complete CTS to have successfully completed RDAP and receive incentives. The Warden, on the basis of his or her discretion, may find an inmate ineligible for participation in a community-based program; therefore, the inmate cannot complete RDAP.
- (b) *Admission criteria*. Inmates must meet all of the following criteria to be admitted into RDAP.
- (1) Inmates must have a verifiable substance use disorder.
- (2) Inmates must sign an agreement acknowledging program responsibility.
- (3) When beginning the program, the inmate must be able to complete all three components described in paragraph (a) of this section.